Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 1 & 2	Putō omnēs sānctōs Deum dīligere. Scīō Americānōs fortiter pūgnāre.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 3 & 4	Putō omnēs hominēs amīcitiam quærere. Lēgātus dīxit Cæsarem Gallōs vincere.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 5 & 6	Centuriō dīxit mīlitēs ācriter pūgnāre. Nūntius dīxit Gallōs oppūgnāre urbem.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 7 & 8	Scīmus Cæsarem vīcisse Gallōs. Scīmus Columbum ad Americam pervēnisse.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 9 & 10	Scīmus Rōmānōs occīdisse Chrīstum. Cæsar audīvit Gallōs occīdisse lēgātum.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 11	Cæsar putāvit equitēs ad castra pervēnisse.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 12	Lēgātus putāvit Cæsarem hostēs vīcisse.

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 13	Putō Americānōs fortiter pūgnātūrōs esse.

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Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 14	Sciō hominēs bonōs Deum vīsūrōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 15	Putō Americānōs semper hostēs victūrōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 16	Sciō Marīam semper Deum vīsūram esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 17	Putō Deum omnibus hōminibus grātiam datūrum esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 18	Cæsar putāvit Gallōs cessūrōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 19	Dīcō mē esse Chrīstiānum, fuisse Chrīstiānum semper futūrum Chrīstiānum.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 20 & 21	Putāsne tē esse sānctum? Cæsar dīxit sē victūrum esse Gallōs.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 22	Dīcimus nōs esse līberōs.

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 23	**Dīcitisne vōs obsidēs datūrōs nōbīs esse?**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 24	**Rōmānī dīxērunt sē imperium totīus Galliæ obtinēre.**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 25	**Dīcō mē agrōs meōs dēfēnsūrum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 26	**Hic Americānus ōstendit nullum rēgem in cīvitāte suā rēgnum tenēre.**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 27	**Chrīstus dīxit nōs esse frātrēs suōs.**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 28	**Cæsar putāvit suōs fortiter esse pūgnātūrōs.**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 29	**Marīa scīvit sē Fīlium suum adōrāre posse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 30	**Dīcit Chrīstum esse Fīlium Deī.**

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 31	Dīcō omnēs ferē hominēs glōriæ cupidōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 32	Scīō nostram cīvitātem līberam esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 33	Vir sānctus Rōmānīs respondit Chrīstum esse Fīlium Deī.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 34	Rōmānī scīvērunt Cæsarem esse summum imperātōrem.
Lesson 39 Exer #412 Ques 35	Rōmānī scīvērunt Rōmam esse māgnam.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 1	The American says that Americans fight bravely.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 2	The American says that Washington was a very great general.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 3	The American says that his soldiers will fight bravely.

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Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 4	**The lieutenant said that Caesar was conquering the Gauls.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 5	**The lieutenant said that Caesar had conquered the Gauls.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 6	**The lieutenant said that his men would conquer the enemy.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 7	**We shall know that God loves us.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 8	**We shall know that God took away our sins.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 9 & 10	**We shall know that our men will conquer.** **I was saying that our state was free.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 11	**I was saying that the Roman state had been free.**
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 12	**I was saying that our state would always be free.**

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 13 & 14	He said that he would see God. I said that I would see Rome.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 15 & 16	She said that she would see Gaul. They said that they would fight bravely.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 17	You said that you would send hostages to us.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 18	He said that Caesar would give him a reward.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 19 & 20	He had heard that they were in arms. He had heard that the Gauls had fled.
Lesson 39 Exer #413 Ques 21	They had heard that the Gauls would send hostages.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 1 & 2	I say that Americans fight bravely. He says that God defends good men.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 3	They say that our soldiers are conquering the enemy.

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Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 4	He said that Caesar was conquering the Gauls.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 5	They said that the Senate was praising Caesar.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 6	They said that the Gauls were sending hostages.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 7	I say that the Romans fought bravely.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 8	He says that the Americans were conquering the enemy.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 9	We say that Caesar had conquered Gaul.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 10	They said that the Gauls had attacked the winter quarters.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 11	They said that Caesar had hastened into Gaul.

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Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 12	He said that the Senate had given thanks to Caesar.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 13	I say that the Americans will fight bravely.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 14 & 15	He says that we shall conquer the enemy. They will know that we will send help.
Lesson 39 Exer #414 Ques 16	He said that he would conquer the barbarians.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 1	Probat sē Chrīstiānum esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 2	Dīcimus virōs bonōs vēritātem virtūtemeque semper quærere.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 3	Vōs moneō vītam esse brevem.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 4	Puer respondit sē rēs ā Washingtoniō gestās memoriā tenēre.

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Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 5	Tē moneō Deum hominibus malīs præmia nōn esse datūrum.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 6	Sciō Americanōs sē posse dēfendere.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 7	Cōnfirmāmus mīlitēs nostrōs fortiter pūgnāre.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 8	Nōs Chrīstiānī cōnfirmāmus Deum, Patrem nostrum, omnēs gentēs dīligere.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 9	Nautæ dīcunt ventōs māgnōs nāvibus nocēre.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 10	Scīmus omnēs hominēs, perīculō mortis perturbātōs, orāre atque grātiam ā Deō petere.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 11	Scīmus memoriam esse custōdem rērum cōgnitārum.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 12	Vōs, puerī, moneō bonam memoriam ad vītam esse ūtilem.

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 13	Columbus repperit barbarōs incolere Americam.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 14	Cicerō, vir bonus atque nōbilis, scrīpsit sē semper virtūtem laudātūrum esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 15	Sānctus Paulus scrīpsit Chrīstum sē dē rēbus quæ ad fidem pertinent docuisse.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 16	Scrīptum est Sānctum Paulum Chrīstum in viā subitō vīdisse.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 17	Washingtonius, quum audīvisset Benedictum Arnold ad hostēs fugisse, repperit ea omnia esse vēra.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 18	Chrīstus dīxit omnēs sānctōs sēcum in Cælō Deum vīsurōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 19	Nōnne, amīce mī, audīvistī omnes nōs esse frātrēs?
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 20	Chrīstus jussit nōs omnēs hominēs dīligere.

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Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 21	**Chrīstus, quum a Pīlātō rogātus esset, respondit sē esse rēgem.**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 22	**Chrīstus negāvit sē armis et legiōnibus rēgnum tenēre.**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 23	**Thomas More, quum ad mortem dūcerētur, negāvit sē ā fidē Chrīstiānā discessūrum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 24	**Apostolī omnibus hominibus nūntiāvērunt Chrīstum esse Fīlium Deī atque prō nōbīs interfectum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 25	**Pīlātus putāvit Chrīstum esse virum bonum, at timuit eum dīmittere.**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 26	**Jūdæī enim dīxērunt Chrīstum sē rēgem vocāre.**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 27	**Itaque dīxērunt, "Quī sē rēgem facit, contrādīcit Cæsarī."**
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 28	**Columbus putāvit sē nōn ad novās terrās, sed ad Indiam pervēnisse.**

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Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 29	Imperātorēs Rōmānī repperērunt Chrīstiānōs in Italiā et in omnibus prōvinciīs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 30	Itaque multōs ex eīs ad mortem dūcī jussērunt.
Lesson 39 Exer #415 Ques 31	Tamen nōn potuērunt fidem Chrīstī vincere.
Lesson 39 Exer #416 Ques 1 & 2	Negāvērunt sē eī obsidēs datūrōs esse. Negāvit sē arma deditūrum esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #416 Ques 3	Negāvērunt sē fugitūrōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 1	I found that those things were true.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 2	We found out where the enemy had stationed guards.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 3	We saw that the enemy had prepared fortifications.

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Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 4	We saw where the enemy had pitched camp.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 5	They said that the greatness of the winds had injured the ship.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 6	I said that Caesar was in charge of the legion.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 7	He said that he would not hand over the slaves.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 8	He showed that he was a brave man.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 9	They reported the slaughter of the hostages.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 10	They knew how large the Roman camp was.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 11	They were saying that the Gauls were afraid to fight.

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Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 12	He saw that the barbarians had come out of the forest.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 13	He had seen that the barbarians had prepared fortifications.
Lesson 39 Exer #417 Ques 14 & 15	He knew the names of the centurions. He said that the plans were not useful.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 1 & 2	I am able to fight. I said that I was able to fight.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 3 & 4	I say that I was able to fight. I shall prove that I was able to fight.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 5 & 6	He said he would fight. He was ordered to fight.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 7 & 8	They ordered him to fight. It is good to fight bravely.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 9 & 10	They determined to fight at once. It behooved us to fight bravely.

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Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 11 & 12	We are prepared to sail. They said they were prepared to sail.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 13	They said that they had been prepared to sail for five days.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 14	He said he would be prepared to sail within two days.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 15 & 16	On the third day he was able to sail. It behooves us to sail at once.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 17	They are accustomed to sail from this harbor.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 18	They said they were accustomed to sail from that harbor.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 19	They said there was not sufficient water.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 20	It is not difficult to pray.

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Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 21	He said that the enemy had fled five miles.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 22	On account of the greatness of the winds he said he would not sail.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 23	He ordered them to defend the hill until night.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 24	They said that they would defend the hill for three days.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 25	He did not know whether they had attacked the column.
Lesson 39 Exer #418 Ques 26	Christ said that He would help and defend all men.
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 1 & 2	Dīcō omnēs hominēs ā Deō dīligī. Dīcō Gallōs ā Cæsare victōs esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 3 & 4	Dīxit Cæsarem ā senātū laudārī. Dīxit Gallōs ā Cæsare pulsōs esse.

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Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 5 & 6	**Cæsar dīxit sē ā Gallīs nōn laudārī. Dīcō mē ā Deō dēfendī.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 7 & 8	**Dīxistī tē ā senātū laudārī. Dīcit sē ā barbarīs adjuvārī.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 9 & 10	**Dīcimus nōs ab hostibus vidērī. Dīcitis vōs ā Deō adjuvārī.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 11 & 12	**Dīcunt sē ā duce appellārī. Dīxī mē ā barbarīs captum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 13 & 14	**Negāvit tē ā barbarīs captum esse. Dīxit sē ā Cæsare laudātum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 15	**Dīcimus nōs ā virīs fortibus līberātōs esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 16	**Dīxērunt sē in castra ā Cæsare vocātōs esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 17	**Lēgātus negāverat Cæsarem ā Gallīs victum esse.**

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Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 18	Lēgātus negāverat Cæsarem ā Gallīs vincī.
Lesson 39 Exer #419 Ques 19	Negō mē ibi collocātum esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 1	I think that Lincoln was killed by a bad man.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 2	I perceive that the hill has been seized.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 3 & 4	He thought that Rome was being attacked. He denied that Rome had been seized.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 5	I think that Lincoln is praised by all good men.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 6	We said that we had been freed by a brave man.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 7	You know that our slaves were freed by Lincoln.

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Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 8	You heard that America was found by Columbus.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 9	We know that grace is being given to all men.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 10	We knew that fortifications were being prepared by the enemy.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 11	We knew that the enemy were being roused to war by their leaders.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 12	We knew that arms were not being prepared by our own leaders.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 13	You know that all men are loved by God.
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 14	Do you think that God has always been adored?
Lesson 39 Exer #420 Ques 15	We think that God is being adored and praised by good Christians.

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Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 1	**Scīmus Washingtonium virum fortem ab omnibus vocātum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 2	**Dīximus obsidēs ā Cæsare propter injūriās Gallōrum sæpe occīsōs esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 3	**Jam dēmōnstrāvimus Chrīstum ā Rōmānīs interfectum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 4	**Dīcimus in bellō mātrēs sæpe interficī.**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 5	**Americānī, quum audīvissent suōs in Bataan captōs esse, vehementer perturbātī sunt.**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 6	**Gallī audīvērunt obsidēs suōs ā Cæsare occīsōs esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 7	**Prætereā scīvērunt omnia frūmenta ab eō incēnsa esse;**
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 8	**urbēs et oppida aut expūgnāta esse aut expūgnārī.**

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Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 9	arma et servōs captōs esse; exercitūs victōs esse;
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 10	tōtam Galliam vastātam esse, neque sē ab eō dēfendī posse.
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 11	Itaque miserī ad eum lēgātōs mittere coāctī sunt quī pācem ab eō peterent.
Lesson 39 Exer #421 Ques 12	Germānī, quum nūntiātum esset māgnās cōpiās ab Americānīs eōrumque sociīs in Galliam esse trāductās, vehementer mōtī atque perturbātī sunt.
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 1	Dīcō Deum esse bonum.
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 2	Respondit sē fidem Chrīstiānam nōn negātūrum esse.
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 3	Cæsar putāvit omnem Galliam esse pācātam.
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 4	Sānctī scrīpsērunt Deum omnēs hominēs dīligere.

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Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 5	**Columbus repperit multās gentēs Americam incolere.**
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 6 & 7	**Negāvit sē ventūrum esse.** **Nūntiātum est ācriter pūgnātum esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 8	**Dēmōnstrāvit oportēre eōs sē dēdere.**
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 9	**Exīstimō nōs Americānōs līberōs semper futūrōs esse.**
Lesson 39 Exer #423 Ques 10 & 11	**Sēnsit sē in māgnō perīculō esse.** **Dīxit sē eō annō in Galliā fuisse.**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 1 & 2	**Pyrrhus erat rēx Ēpīrī.** **Potesne hoc rēgnum in tabulā vidēre?**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 3	**Pyrrhus nōn erat Rōmānus.**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 4	**Neque in Italiā neque in Galliā incolēbat.**

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Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 5 & 6	Erat Græcus. Erat autem rēx fortis et glōriæ cupidus.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 7	Multās aliās gentēs vincere cōnstituit.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 8	Erat cum exeritū ejus amīcus, nomine Cīneas.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 9	Hic vero vir bonus fuit, neque cōnsilia Pyrrhī probāvit.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 10	Quod Pyrrhī amīcus fuit, eum fortiter monēre nōn timēbat.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 11	Olim Pyrrhus, gloriā sublātus, eī dīxit sē exercitum in Italiam ducturum esse et Rōmānōs victūrum esse.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 12	Putāvit enim sē eōs facile superāre posse.
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 13	Cīneas autem, “Post illam victōriam, Rēx magne,” inquit, “quid cōnstituitistī facere?”

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Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 14	Pyrrhus, “Īnsula Sicilia, bona et māgna,” inquit, “Ītaliæ fīnitima est.”
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 15	**“In illam trādūcam mīlitēs meōs, ut eam vincam atque obtineam."**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 16	**“Facile erit eam īnsulam armīs et virtūte occupāre.”**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 17	**Tum Cīneas, “Post illam victoriam,” inquit, “quid dīcis tē factūrum esse?”**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 18	**Eī Pyrrhus respondit sē mīlitēs suōs trāns mare in Āfricam ductūrum esse atque eās etiam regiōnēs victūrum esse.**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 19	**Tum Cīneas, “Post hæc prœlia atque hās victōriās, quid constituistī facere?”**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 20	**Respondit Pyrrhus, “Post hās victōriās pācem cōnfirmābo.”**
Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 21	**Statim autem Cīneas, “Cūr, Ō Rēx bone,” inquit, “nōn nunc pācem cōnfirmās?**

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Reading_35 Ques 22	“Quid tē impedit?”
Lesson 39 Reading_36 Ques 1	Leonidās, quī Lacedæmoniōrum rēx erat, et cui Xerxēs, Persārum rēx, scrīpserat “Mitte arma,” eī respondit, “Venī et ea cape.”
Lesson 39 Reading_37 Ques 1	Posuērunt in cruce Jēsū sīgnum in quō scrīptum erat, “Hic est Jēsūs Rēx Jūdæōrum.” Itaque prīncipēs Jūdæōrum, quum hoc signum vīdissent, vehementer mōtī, ad Pīlātum vēnērunt. “Nōlī scrībere: Rēx Jūdæōrum,” inquiunt, sed ‘Hic dīxit sē esse rēgem Jūdæōrum.’ ”
Lesson 39 Reading_37 Ques 2	Respondit Pīlātus: “Quod scrīpsī, scrīpsī!”
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 1	Jam dēmōnstrāvimus Rōmānōs multās Italiæ gentēs vicisse atque imperium māgnæ partis Italiæ obtinēre.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 2	Quum gentēs sibi proximās vīcissent, bellum cum aliīs gentibus gerēbant.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 3	Itaque Tarentīnī, quī Rōmānōs timēbant, contrā eōs pūgnābant nē ab eīs vincerentur.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 4	Tarentīnī, quod Rōmānōs pellere sōlī nōn potuērunt, lēgātōs ad Pyrrhum, rēgem Ēpīrī, mīsērunt quī auxilium ab eō peterent.

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 5	**Pyrrhus, glōriæ cupidus, dīxit sē exercitum in Italiam auxiliī causā ductūrum esse.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 6	**Interim Rōmānī omnia quæ ad bellum pertinēbant parābant.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 7	**Itaque Pyrrhus, quum exercitum in Italiam trādūxisset, repperit Rōmānōs ad bellum parātōs esse.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 8	**Itaque cum omnibus cōpiīs contrā eōs contendit.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 9	**Rōmānī aciem īnstrūxērunt et impetum Pyrrhī exspectābant.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 10	**Pyrrhus autem sēcum multōs elephantōs habēbat.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 11	**Hōs prīmum in equitēs Rōmānōs mīsit; tum, quum equitēs in fugam datī essent, in aciem mīlitum mīsit.**
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 12	**Rōmānī autem nunquam ante id elephantōs in prœliīs vīderant.**

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 13	Itaque, ōrdinēs eōrum ab elephantīs perturbātī sunt atque multī mīlitēs occīsī sunt.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 14	Tamen Rōmānī fortiter pūgnābant.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 15	Sed, māgnitūdine corporis elephantōrum territī, hostēs vincere nōn potuērunt.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 16	Post māgnam cædem Rōmānī in castra sē recēpērunt nē omnēs omnīnō occīderentur.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 17	Septem mīlia mīlitum Rōmānōrum in hōc prœliō cecidērunt.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 18	Agrī corporum plēnī erant, sed Pyrrhus, quum corpora Rōmānōrum interfectōrum vulnera in fronte habēre vīdisset, dīxit sē cum hīs mīlitibus Rōmānīs omnēs omnīnō terrās vincere posse.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 19	Ē mīlitbus Pyrrhī quattuor mīlia occīsa sunt.
Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 20	Rōmānī facile aliōs mīlitēs cōgere potuērunt, sed difficile fuit, novās cōpiās ex Ēpīrō comparāre.

Unit 12 - Lesson 39

Lesson 39 Reading_38 Ques 21	Itaque Pyrrhus, propter māgnum occīsōrum numerum, vīdit hanc victōriam nōn satis ūtilem esse.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 1	Post illud prœlium de quō jam dēmōnstrāvimus, Rōmānī dē pāce nōn ēgērunt.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 2	Cōpiās novās coēgērunt; arma ac tēla comparābant.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 3	Pyrrhum enim atque ējus elephantōs vincere et ex Italia pellere jam cōnstituerant.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 4	Fabricius imperātor factus est et contrā Pyrrhum missus est.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 5	Quum ad castra Pyrrhī appropinquāvisset atque castra posuisset, medicus ē castrīs Pyrrhī ad Fabricium vēnit.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 6	Hic dīxit sē Pyrrhum rēgem occīsūrum esse, et ita Rōmānīs ab eō līberātūrum esse.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 7	Præmia autem rogāvit.

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Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 8	**Fabricius vērō eum cēpit et jussit eum ligātum ad Pyrrhum dūcī.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 9	**Prætereā ad Pyrrhum scrīpsit Rōmānōs gladiīs, nōn perfidiā, pūgnāre.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 10	**Pyrrhus, ita ab hoste dē perīculō suō monitus, vehementer mōtus est.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 11	**“It is easier,” inquit, “to move the sun from its course, than Fabricius from the path of honesty.”**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 12	**Rōmānī autem Fabricium, virum fortem, ad Pyrrhum mīsērunt qui dē captīvīs commūtandīs ageret.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 13	**Pyrrhus, quum dē hāc rē cum Fabriciō ēgisset, vīdit eum esse virum fortem atque nōbilem.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 14	**Itaque eī præmia dabat ut sēcum pūgnāret.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 15 & 16	**Fabricius autem hæc præmia nōn accēpit. Ita ostendit sē esse vērum Rōmānum.**

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Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 17	**Tum Pyrrhus, “Cūr nōn mēcum in Ēpīrum venies?” inquit.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 18	**“Tibi māgnam rēgnī meī partem dabō.”**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 19	**Rūrsus Fabricius negāvit sē rēgnum acceptūrum esse, dīxitque sē semper in rē pūblicā līberā mānsūrum.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 20	**Post hoc Pyrrhus lēgātōs ad senātum Rōmānum mīsit, quī dē pāce agerent.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 21	**Itaque in senātum ductī sunt atque dēmōnstrāvērunt quæ essent pācis condiciōnēs.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 22	**In senātū aliī pācem cōnfirmāre cupīvērunt, aliī vērō negāvērunt sē condiciōnēs acceptūrōs.**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 23	**Prætereā hī ostendērunt: exercitum Rōmānum victum esse;**
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 24	**agrōs sociōrum vastātōs esse; glōriam nōminis Rōmānī nōn cōnservātam esse.**

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Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 25	Diū dē hāc rē agēbant.
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 26	At ūnus ex eīs, vir summus, nōmine Appius Claudius, vehementer commōtus, “The Roman people,” inquit, “will not discuss terms of peace while an armed and victorious foe yet stands on the soil of Italy.”
Lesson 39 Reading_39 Ques 27	Itaque senātus condiciōnēs nōn probāvit et bellum rūrsus gerere cōnstituit.
Lesson 39 Reading_40 Ques 1	In dorsō taurī musca parva erat.
Lesson 39 Reading_40 Ques 2	Musca, “Sī te premō,” inquit, “statim discēdam.”
Lesson 39 Reading_40 Ques 3	Taurus autem eī respondit, “Ubi es? Nihil enim sentiō.”